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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/532,830	04/26/2005	Hiroshi Shimada	Q87428	8875
23373 7590 02/01/2010 SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			EXAMINER	
			GAKH, YELENA G	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1797	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/01/2010	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/532,830	SHIMADA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Yelena G. Gakh, Ph.D.	1797				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
Period for Reply	AVIO OFT TO EVELPE AMONTHU	(0) OD TUUDTY (00) BAYO				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 N	lovember 2009.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
- 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>23-44</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>23-44</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) 23-44 is/are rejected.					
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>23,30,35,40 and 42</u> is/are objected to						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3.☑ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	atent Application				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. RCE filed on 11/18/09 is acknowledged. Claims 23-44 are pending in the application.

Response to Amendment

2. In light of the amendment and Applicants' arguments the examiner reconsiders the application and establishes new grounds for rejection.

Specification

3. The specification is objected for the following informalities - it does not provide a conventional annotation of NH_3 and NO_x concentrations as $[NH_3]$ and $[NO_x]$. Appropriate corrections are required.

Claim Objections

4. Claims 23, 35, 40 and 42 are objected to because of the following informalities: NH_3 and NO_x should be replaced with $[NH_3]$ and $[NO_x]$.

In claim 30 in the expression "to be replacement" the word "replacement" should be substituted with "replaced". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 6. Claims 23-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The pending claims recite a method and an apparatus for managing one or more denitration catalysts by measuring a performance of the denitration catalysts in consideration of a ratio of inlet NH₃ to inlet NO_x. At the same time the specification discloses measuring the performance of the catalyst on the basis of the ratios [NH₃]/[NO_x] for the inlet and outlet according to equation (2). No other ways of measuring this ratio and thus the performance, are disclosed in the specification. Furthermore, it would be impossible to measure performance of

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the catalyst on the basis of the ratio of inlet $[NH_3]$ to inlet $[NO_x]$, especially in the case of one catalyst, because then it would mean that the gases did not pass through the catalyst.

The examiner respectfully reminds the Applicants that according to MPEP §2163:

"2163.02. Standard for Determining Compliance with Written Description Requirement:

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The courts have described the essential question to be addressed in a description requirement issue in a variety of ways. An objective standard for determining compliance with the written description requirement is, "does the description clearly allow persons of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that he or she invented what is claimed." In re Gosteli, 872 F.2d 1008, 1012, 10 USPQ2d 1614, 1618 (Fed. Cir. 1989). Under Vas-Cath, Inc. v. Mahurkar, 935 F.2d 1555, 1563-64, 19 USPQ2d 1111, 1117 (Fed. Cir. 1991), to satisfy the written description requirement, an applicant must convey with reasonable clarity to those skilled in the art that, as of the filing date sought, he or she was in possession of the invention, and that the invention, in that context, is whatever is now claimed. The test for sufficiency of support in a parent application is whether the disclosure of the application relied upon "reasonably conveys to the artisan that the inventor had possession at that time of the later claimed subject matter." Ralston Purina Co. v. Far-Mar-Co., Inc., 772 F.2d 1570, 1575, 227 USPQ 177, 179 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (quoting In re Kaslow, 707 F.2d 1366, 1375, 217 USPQ 1089, 1096 (Fed. Cir. 1983)). Whenever the issue arises, the fundamental factual inquiry is whether the specification conveys with reasonable clarity to those skilled in the art that, as of the filing date sought, applicant was in possession of the invention as now claimed. See, e.g., Vas-Cath, Inc. v. Mahurkar, 935 F.2d 1555, 1563-64, 19 USPQ2d 1111, 1117 (Fed. Cir. 1991). An applicant shows possession of the claimed invention by describing the claimed invention with all of its limitations using such descriptive means as words, structures, figures, diagrams, and formulas that fully set forth the claimed invention. Lockwood v. American Airlines, Inc., 107 F.3d 1565, 1572, 41 USPQ2d 1961, 1966 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Possession may be shown in a variety of ways including description of an actual reduction to practice, or by showing that the invention was "ready for patenting" such as by the disclosure of drawings or structural chemical formulas that show that the invention was complete, or by describing distinguishing identifying characteristics sufficient to show that the applicant was in possession of the claimed invention. See, e.g., Pfaff v. Wells Elecs., Inc., 525 U.S. 55, 68, 119 S.Ct. 304, 312, 48 USPQ2d 1641, 1647 (1998); Regents of the University of California v. Eli Lilly, 119 F.3d 1559, 1568, 43 USPQ2d 1398, 1406 (Fed. Cir. 1997); Amgen, Inc. v. Chugai Pharmaceutical, 927 F.2d 1200, 1206, 18 USPQ2d 1016, 1021 (Fed. Cir. 1991) (one must define a compound by "whatever characteristics sufficiently distinguish it").

As it follows from above the Applicants did not show "possession of the claimed invention by describing the claimed invention with all of its limitations using such descriptive means as words, structures, figures, diagrams, and formulas that fully set forth the claimed invention". The claimed invention should include specific equation (2), in order to correspond to the written disclosure.

7. Claims 23-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the method comprising measuring a performance through evaluation of the ratio of $[NH_3]$ and $[NO_x]$ at the inlet and outlet sides according to equation (2) of the

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specification, does not reasonably provide enablement for the method, which is not based on this equation. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to practice the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The claims recite that the performance of the denitrition catalyst(s) is measured on the basis of a ratio of inlet $[NH_3]/[NO_x]$. In the case of just one catalyst ("*one* or more catalysts") it means that the mixture of NH_3 and NO_x gases does not pass over the catalyst. There is no way to measure the efficiency of the catalyst if the gases do not pass over the catalyst. The specification discloses specifically that the denitration ratio η based on the NH_3 concentration is calculated for inlet and outlet $[NH_3]$ and $[NO_x]$ and is expressed through equation (2). It would be impossible for a person of ordinary skill in the art to measure a performance of the denitration catalysts based on the inlet ratio of $[NH_3]$ and $[NO_x]$ for one catalyst, and it would have been undue experimentation to measure such performance on the basis of any other equation then equation (2).

- 8. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 9. Claims 23-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

From the claims it is not clear, what "a ratio of inlet NH_3 to inlet NO_x might be? Are these the amounts of NH_3 and NO_x ? Are these concentrations of NH_3 and NO_x ? If these are the concentrations of NH_3 and NO_x , then the corresponding notation should be used, i.e. $[NH_3]$ and $[NO_x]$.

From independent claims it is not clear, how it is possible to measure a performance of one denitration catalyst on the basis of the ratio of inlet $[NH_3]$ and $[NO_x]$, when in this case the gases obviously do not pass over the catalyst. It appears that essential steps in the method are omitted from the claims. In particular, the claims should be based on equation (2) from the specification.

Furthermore, it is not apparent, as to how the last step of the method is performed - are there any criteria for determining, which process is to be performed? If there are criteria for such

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determination, they are essential for performing the method and therefore should be recited in the claims.

In claim 24 it is not apparent, as to what is meant by the "plurality of types of regeneration processes", and whether there are any criteria for determining how the optimum type should be selected.

From claim 25 it is not apparent, whether the replacing catalyst should have a better performance, then the one that was tested. It is also not clear, if such performance was evaluated before the replacement.

Claims 29 and 38 are not clear, since it is not apparent, whether this is an additional method for measuring the performance of the catalyst besides determining [NH₃]/[NO_x] ratio?

In claims 30, 31 and 35 it is not clear, how the shape of the catalyst is altered.

In claim 32 it is not apparent, as to whether specific criteria are used for such determination.

From claim 33 it is not clear, whether the catalyst which will be added has specific performance parameters.

From claim 35 it is not apparent, as to how the execution timing for regeneration is determined. It appears that the only time which can be defined would be immediate replacement in the case of a bad performance of the catalyst. It is not clear, which other options are recited in the claim.

Claim 39 does not seem to be completed. The claim recites predicting performance of the catalysts based on information on a scale and a total time of operation, while the specification discloses that the prediction of the performance is based on the evaluation of the performance during a specific time period (see Fig. 7). Therefore the step of evaluating the performance by the method recited in the first set of claims should be recited in the claim.

Claims 40-44 are unclear regarding their terminology. What is a "receiving unit that receives information"? Is this a computer? Is this something else?

What is "a stores unit that stores information"? Is this a computer media?

What is "a determining unit that determines"? Is this CPU with a specific program?

The claims obviously miss essential apparatus elements, such as sensors for measuring inlet and outlet $[NH_3]$ and $[NO_x]$.

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Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 23-44 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yelena G. Gakh, Ph.D. whose telephone number is (571) 272-1257. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 am - 6:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vickie Y. Kim can be reached on (571) 272-0579. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Yelena G. Gakh/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1797

1/26/2010